2024 Consumer Confidence Report for Public Water System OAK RIDGE SOUTH GALE WSC

This is your water quality report for January 1 to December 31, 2024

For more information regarding this report contact:

OAK RIDGE SOUTH GALE WSC provides surface water from Lake Randell located in Grayson County City of Denison, TX.

Jack Forbes, Operator

Phone 5803805422

llamar al telefono 5803805422 Este reporte incluye información importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de

Definitions and Abbreviations

Action Level:

Definitions and Abbreviations The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation

The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow

Avg Level 1 Assessment: Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples

Level 2 Assessment

A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety

Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants

million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)

millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

UIN pCi/L

na: mrem: MFL

nephelometric turbidity units (a measure of turbidity)

picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

06/25/2025

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Definitions and Abbreviations

ppb: micrograms per liter or parts per billion ppm: milligrams per liter or parts per million

ppq

ppt parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter (pg/L)

Treatment Technique or TT: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water

Information about your Drinking Water

through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or

indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily

Contaminants that may be present in source water include

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- gas production, mining, or farming, Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses
- from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems. Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities

regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office.

physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or

6

and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and

Information about Source Water

OAK RIDGE SOUTH GALE WSC purchases water from CITY OF DENISON. CITY OF DENISON provides purchase surface water from Lake Randell located in Grayson County, Denison, TX. [insert a table containing any contaminant that was detected in the provider's water for this calendar year, unless that contaminant has been separately monitored in your water system (i.e. TTHM, HAA5, Lead

TCEQ completed a Source Water Susceptibility for all drinking water systems that own their sources. This report describes the susceptibility and types of constituents that may come into contact with the drinking water source based on human activities and natural conditions. The system(s) from which we purchase our water received the assessment report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system contact Jack Forbes, Operator 580-380-5422.

	Lead 08/15/2023	Copper 08/15/2023	Lead and Copper Date Sampled
	0	1.3	MCLG
	15	1.3	Action Level (AL)
	1.2	0.264	Action Level (AL) 90th Percentile #Sites Over AL
	0	0	# Sites Over AL
	ppb	ppm	Units
	z	z	Violation
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing	Likely Source of Contamination

2024 Water Quality Test Results

Disinfection By-Products
Collection Date
Highest Level Detected
Range of Individual Samples
MCLG
MCL
Units
Violation
Likely Source of Contamination

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of

*The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all HAA5 sample results collected at a location over a year

*The value in the Highest Level or	Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)
Average Detected c	2024
olumn is the highest as	24
Jerage of all TTUM of	15 - 28.2
	No goal for the total
	80
	ppb
	z
	By-product of drinking water disinfection.

average of all TTHM sample results collected at a location over a year

Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.	z	ppm	10	10	0.0279 - 0.0279	0.0279	2024	Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]
Likely Source of Contamination	Violation	Units	MCL	MCLG	Range of Individual Samples	Highest Level Detected	Collection Date	Inorganic Contaminants

Disinfectant Residual

A blank disinfectant residual table has been added to the CCR template, you will need to add data to the fields. Your data can be taken off the Disinfectant Level Quarterly Operating Reports (DLQOR).

Water additive used to control microbes.	Z	Mg/L	4	4	0.50-3.30	2.52	2024	
							2021	
q		Measure			Detected			
Source in Drinking Water	Violation (Y/N)	Unit of	MIKDLG	MINDL	Mange Of Levels	Total Senson		
			1	Mani	Dance of Laurele	Average Level	Year	Disinfectant Residual
				The state of the s				

Lead Service Line Inventory

information on where customers can access the system's lead service line inventory. Customers may view the lead service line inventory for our system in In accordance with the Lead and Copper Rule Improvements (LCRI) effective October 2024, all community water systems are required to provide person at our office, located at 382 E FM 120, Denison, Texas 75021. Office hours are Monday through Friday, 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m.

6

YOUR TEST RESULTS IN YOUR CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT.



City of Denison YEAR 2024 WATER QUALITY DATA

	Primary Standards	
CONTAMINANT	MCL mg/L	DENISON mg/L
BARIUM	2.0	0.078
BETA PHOTON EMITTERS	50.0 pCi/L	5.1 pCi/L
FLUORIDE	4.0	0.203
CHROMIUM	0.1	0.0018
CYANIDE	0.2	<0.02
	Secondary Standards	
CONTAMINANT	MCL mg/L	DENISON mg/L
SODIUM	N/A	118
CALCIUM	N/A	67.4
ALKALINITY	N/A	114
pН	6.5-8.5	8.0
CHLORIDE	250	184
SULFATE	250	134
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	1000	610
TOTAL HARDNESS	500	246
ZINC	5.0	0.012
IRON	0.3	< 0.05
MANGANESE	0.05	0.054
NEPHELOMETRIC TU	RBIDITY UNITS (NT	U) FINISH WATER
State regulation: Turbidity mus		J 95% of the time
DENISON HIGHEST DAILY V	/ALUE	0.21
DENISON AVERAGE DAILY	VALUE	0.14

SOURCE WAT	ER SUSC	EPTIBILI	TY ASSES	SMENTR	ESULTS						
							System Susceptibility Sur	remary			
Asbertins	Cyanide	Metals	Microbial	Minerals	Radiochemical	Synthetic O	rganic Chemicals	Disinfection Byproduct	Volatile Organic Chemicals	Drinking Water Contaminant Candidate	Other
Low	Low	High	Medium	High	High		High	Medium	High	High	Med.
	Entry Point Susceptibility Summary										
Entry Point ID	Asbestos	Cyanide	Metals	Microbial	Minerals	Radiochemical	Synthetic Organic Chemicals	Disinfection Byproduct	Volatile Organic Chemicals	Drinking Water Contaminant Candidate	Other
001	Low	Low	High	High	High	High	High	Medium	High	High	Med.